考生须知：

上海市继续教育外语水平考试 样卷

题量：43　满分：150

Part I Listening Comprehension (20 points)（共7题 共20分）

1 【复合题】　2小题，共2分

Section A
Directions: In this section, you will hear three news reports. At the end of each news report, you will hear two or three questions. Both the news report and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A), B), C) and D).

News Report One
Questions 1 and 2 are based on the news report you have just heard.

1.1 【单选题】　1分

Questions 1

○ A. Dubai.

○ B. Madrid.

○ C. Berlin.

● D. Rome.

试题解析：

1.2 【单选题】　1分

Questions 2

○ A. Beautiful scenery.

● B. Modern technology options.

○ C. Convenient transportation.

○ D. Special food.

试题解析：

2 【复合题】　2小题，共2分

News Report Two
Questions 3 and 4 are based on the news report you have just heard.

2.1 【单选题】　1分

Questions 3

○ A. Because many new restaurants were opened in 2023.

● B. Because they want to experience what the TV Blossoms Shanghai depicts.

○ C. Because many restaurants are famous for their special food.

○ D. Because Shanghai is experiencing fast economic growth.

试题解析：

2.2 【单选题】　1分

Questions 4

○ A. The movie Blossoms Shanghai was released before 2023.

○ B. The shops in the drama were named after the real shops on Huanghe Road.

● C. Many top chefs working in restaurants in Huanghe Road were from Hong Kong in the 1990s.

○ D. People were not allowed to set off firecrackers in downtown Shanghai during the Spring Festival in the 1990s.

试题解析：

3 【复合题】　3小题，共3分

News Report Three
Questions 5 to 7 are based on the news report you have just heard.

3.1 【单选题】　1分

Questions 5

○ A. 64%.

○ B. 19%.

● C. 28%.

○ D. 59%.

试题解析：

3.2 【单选题】　1分

Questions 6

○ A. Loud noise.

● B. Early awakening.

○ C. Staying up late.

○ D. Physical pain.

试题解析：

3.3 【单选题】 1分

Questions 7

○ A. The report targets people from infants to retired employees.

○ B. Most people have no sleep disorders according to the report.

● C. There is a correlation between a person's lifestyle and sleep quality.

○ D. The more alcohol a person consumes, the better sleep quality he/she has.

试题解析：

4 【复合题】 3小题，共3分

Section B

Directions: In this section, you will hear two conversations. At the end of each conversation, you will hear three questions. Both the conversation and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A), B), C) and D).

Conversation One

Questions 8 to 10 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

4.1 【单选题】 1分

Questions 8

● A. It is a small town next to London.

○ B. It has a large population.

○ C. It is in the southeast of Scotland.

○ D. It is a poor city.

试题解析：

4.2 【单选题】 1分

Questions 9

○ A. It's a relatively small town.

○ B. The people living there are very rich.

○ C. Houses are scarce there.

● D. It's close to London.

试题解析：

4.3 【单选题】 1分

Questions 10

○ A. The woman is not satisfied with the recreation there.

● B. The man thinks highly of the recreation there.

○ C. All kinds of recreations are available there.

○ D. The man thinks little of the recreation there.

试题解析：

5 【复合题】 3小题，共3分

Conversation Two

Questions 11 to 13 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

5.1 【单选题】 1分

Questions 11

○ A. He worked in a painting store.

● B. He worked in a printing factory.

○ C. He worked in a gas stand.

○ D. He worked in a bookstore.

试题解析：

5.2 【单选题】 1分

Questions 12

○ A. High pay and short work hours.

● B. Friendly environment and teamwork spirit.

○ C. Relaxed atmosphere and valuable experience.

○ D. Good friends he made in the factory.

试题解析：

5.3 【单选题】 1分

Questions 13

● A. Delightful.

○ B. Meaningless.

○ C. Terrible.

○ D. Cruel.

试题解析：

6 【复合题】 4小题，共4分

Section C
Directions: In this section, you will hear two passages. At the end of each passage, you will hear some questions. Both the passage and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A), B), C) and D).

Passage One
Questions 14 to 17 are based on the passage you have just heard.

6.1 【单选题】 1分

Questions 14

● A. The development of society.

○ B. The explosion of information.

○ C. The need for engineers.

○ D. The improvement of living standards.

试题解析：

6.2 【单选题】 1分

Questions 15

○ A. To show the importance of teaching as a job.

● B. To attract more qualified people to become teachers.

○ C. To make teachers "responsible" in their teaching.

○ D. To improve the quality of public teaching.

试题解析：

6.3 【单选题】 1分

Questions 16

○ A. Quality people.

○ B. People with abilities.

○ C. Responsible people.

● D. Senior people.

试题解析：

6.4 【单选题】 1分

Questions 17

○ A. Greater progress has to be made in teaching.

○ B. Enough salaries are necessary in making “quality people” become teachers.

● C. It is important to be successful in teaching the young.

○ D. Teaching is a product of the society's division of labor.

试题解析：

7 【复合题】 3小题，共3分

Passage Two
Questions 18 to 20 are based on the passage you have just heard.

7.1 【单选题】 1分

Questions 18

○ A. 10 percent of Americans.

○ B. 25 percent of Americans.

● C. 50 percent of Americans.

○ D. 75 percent of Americans.

试题解析：

7.2 【单选题】 1分

Questions 19

○ A. It is much cheaper than gymnastic activities.

○ B. It can be done in a comfortable environment.

○ C. It can contribute to losing weight effectively.

● D. It is painless and helps develop exercise habits.

试题解析：

7.3 【单选题】 1分

Questions 20

○ A. Sitting comfortably on the sofa watching favorite sports.

○ B. Hiking for over 100 miles on weekends with your family.

● C. Walking at home using a treadmill while watching movies.

○ D. Tidying up your room and making it pleasant to live in.

试题解析：

Part II Vocabulary and Structure (30 points) (共30题 共30分)

8 【单选题】 1分

Directions: For each of the following incomplete sentences, there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the one answer that best completes the sentence.

His knowledge of the subject was so _____ that he could answer any question with ease.

○ A. shallow

● B. deep

○ C. narrow

○ D. light

(选项不乱序)

试题解析：

9 【单选题】 1分

She was so tired after the long journey that she could barely _____ her eyes open.

○ A. get

● B. keep

○ C. hold

○ D. set

(选项不乱序)

试题解析：

10 【单选题】 1分

John's success can be _____ to his hard work and determination.

○ A. related

○ B. connected

● C. attributed

○ D. linked

(选项不乱序)

试题解析：

11 【单选题】 1分

After a lengthy discussion, they finally _______ an agreement.

○ A. made

○ B. took

● C. reached

○ D. arrived

(选项不乱序)

试题解析：

12 【单选题】 1分

It is important to _____ mistakes and learn from them, rather than deny them.

● A. admit

○ B. accept

○ C. refuse

○ D. reject

(选项不乱序)

试题解析：

13 【单选题】 1分

She refused to _____ the fact that she had made a mistake in the report.

○ A. realize

○ B. explain

○ C. observe

● D. acknowledge

（选项不乱序）

试题解析：

14 【单选题】 1分

He always _____ his mistakes by blaming others.

○ A. gets off

○ B. gets over

● C. gets away with

○ D. gets through

（选项不乱序）

试题解析：

15 【单选题】 1分

We have to _____ the meeting due to unforeseen circumstances.

● A. put off

○ B. take off

○ C. turn off

○ D. get off

（选项不乱序）

试题解析：

16 【单选题】 1分

I can't _____ his terrible behavior anymore!

● A. put up with

○ B. catch up with

○ C. go along with

○ D. take up with

（选项不乱序）

试题解析：

17 【单选题】 1分

She was late because her car _____ on the way to work.

○ A. broke up

● B. broke down

○ C. broke off

○ D. broke out

（选项不乱序）

试题解析：

18 【单选题】 1分

________ has the report will be asked to return it immediately.

○ A. Who

○ B. Whom

● C. Whoever

○ D. Whomever

（选项不乱序）

试题解析：

19 【单选题】 1分

Joe isn't short. ________ he is quite tall.

● A. On the contrary

○ B. In any way

○ C. In balance

○ D. On the whole

（选项不乱序）

试题解析：

20 【单选题】 1分

The spacecraft ________ the earth three times.

● A. orbited

○ B. flew

○ C. ordered

○ D. spaced

(选项不乱序)

试题解析：

21 【单选题】 1分

The young man spent all the money left by his father; therefore, the bank manager refused his ________ for a loan.

○ A. appeal

● B. application

○ C. duration

○ D. discussion

(选项不乱序)

试题解析：

22 【单选题】 1分

Not until a monkey is several years old ________ to exhibit signs of independence from its mother.

○ A. it begins

○ B. begins it

● C. does it begin

○ D. beginning

(选项不乱序)

试题解析：

23 【单选题】 1分

Most insurance agents would rather you ________ anything about collecting until they investigate the situation.

○ A. than do

○ B. don't do

● C. didn't do

○ D. didn't

(选项不乱序)

试题解析：

24 【单选题】 1分

Without our ________ means of air transportation—the aeroplane, we would have to slow our lives and commerce.

● A. principal

○ B. central

○ C. subsequent

○ D. protective

(选项不乱序)

试题解析：

25 【单选题】 1分

Taxis are more expensive than buses or subways, but they will ________ you to the exact location you want in a short time.

○ A. pass

● B. deliver

○ C. convey

○ D. convert

(选项不乱序)

试题解析：

26 【单选题】 1分

Now we can find many products have labels with black and white ________ .

○ A. strips

● B. stripes

○ C. bands

○ D. threads

(选项不乱序)

试题解析：

27 【单选题】 1分

Without his glasses on, he could only see the ________ shapes of the goods on the shelves.

○ A. unaware

○ B. unconscious

● C. vague

○ D. protective

（选项不乱序）

试题解析：

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28 【单选题】 1分

They are _________ students that they all performed well in the nationwide examinations.

○ A. so diligent

● B. such diligent

○ C. so much diligent

○ D. such very diligent

（选项不乱序）

试题解析：

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29 【单选题】 1分

We __________ every day when we were children.

● A. used to swim

○ B. used to swimming

○ C. use to swim

○ D. use to swimming

（选项不乱序）

试题解析：

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30 【单选题】 1分

It is assumed that students at an intermediate level will have a good ______ of the basic structures and vocabulary of English.

● A. command

○ B. commanding

○ C. to command

○ D. commanded

（选项不乱序）

试题解析：

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31 【单选题】 1分

We ____________ the bathroom and plan _____________ the bedroom this year.

○ A. painted…to paint

○ B. is painting… painting

○ C. paint… to paint

● D. have painted…to paint

（选项不乱序）

试题解析：

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32 【单选题】 1分

I regret _______ that I'm unable to help you.

○ A. saying

● B. to say

○ C. say

○ D. said

（选项不乱序）

试题解析：

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33 【单选题】 1分

Mother was busy. Although she was not watching the basketball on TV, she _______ it on the radio.

● A. was listening to

○ B. was hearing

○ C. was listening

○ D. was seeing

（选项不乱序）

试题解析：

34 【单选题】 1分

In the fifties last century, many new cities __________ in the desert.

○ A. bring up

○ B. make up

● C. grew up

○ D. build up

(选项不乱序)

试题解析：

35 【单选题】 1分

He _____________ in the laboratory the whole morning.

● A. has been working

○ B. is working

○ C. was working

○ D. has worked

(选项不乱序)

试题解析：

36 【单选题】 1分

That's the ____ gentleman I've been telling you about.

○ A. rather

○ B. quite

● C. very

○ D. fairly

(选项不乱序)

试题解析：

37 【单选题】 1分

Dr. Hoffman proposed that we _____ the meeting until next week.

● A. put off

○ B. to put off

○ C. putting off

○ D. need put off

(选项不乱序)

试题解析：

Part Ⅲ Cloze (10 points) (共1题 共10分)

38 【复合题】 10小题，共10分

Directions: There are 10 blanks in the following passage. For each blank, there are four choices marked A, B, C and D beneath the passage. Choose the best answer that completes the sentence.

China is home to many historical sites that reflect its rich cultural heritage. One of the most famous is the Great Wall, which stretches across northern China. (1) _____ the Great Wall is known for its impressive length, it also serves as a symbol of ancient Chinese engineering. Built over several dynasties, the wall was used to (2) _____ against invasions from northern tribes. Another significant site is the Forbidden City in Beijing. (3) _____ as the Imperial Palace, it was the home of Chinese emperors for almost 500 years. The Forbidden City is a prime example of traditional Chinese architecture and has been (4) _____ as a UNESCO World Heritage Site. In addition to these landmarks, the Terracotta Army in Xi'an is another fascinating (5) _____. Discovered in 1974, this vast collection of clay soldiers was buried with the first Emperor of China, Qin Shi Huang, to (6) _____ him in the afterlife. The army reflects the meticulous craftsmanship of the Qin Dynasty and provides insights into ancient military practices.

China's historical sites are not only important for their historical value but also for their (7) _____ as cultural symbols. Many people travel from around the world to experience the grandeur and history of these ancient sites. (8) _____ the preservation of these sites is crucial for maintaining cultural heritage, efforts are continuously made to protect and restore them. The preservation of these sites often requires a balance between (9) _____ tourism and conservation. While tourism brings economic benefits, it can also lead to wear and tear on the structures. Thus, it is essential to find ways to (10) _____ both heritage preservation and visitor enjoyment.

38.1 【单选题】 1分

(1) _____

● A. Although

○ B. Because

○ C. Despite

○ D. If

试题解析：

38.2 【单选题】 1分

(2) _____

● A. defend

○ B. attack

○ C. negotiate

○ D. observe

试题解析：

38.3 【单选题】 1分

(3) _____

○ A. Referred to

● B. Known

○ C. Believed

○ D. Named

试题解析:

38.4 【单选题】 1分

(4) _____

○ A. forgotten

○ B. promoted

● C. designated

○ D. ignored

试题解析:

38.5 【单选题】 1分

(5) _____

○ A. statue

○ B. relic

● C. discovery

○ D. monument

试题解析:

38.6 【单选题】 1分

(6) _____

○ A. entertain

● B. accompany

○ C. assist

○ D. confuse

试题解析:

38.7 【单选题】 1分

(7) _____

○ A. function

○ B. beauty

○ C. relevance

● D. symbolism

试题解析:

38.8 【单选题】 1分

(8) _____

○ A. Since

○ B. Unless

● C. Although

○ D. Before

试题解析:

38.9 【单选题】 1分

(9) _____

○ A. minimizing

○ B. maximizing

○ C. ignoring

● D. promoting

试题解析:

38.10 【单选题】 1分

(10) _____

○ A. deter

○ B. enhance

○ C. limit

● D. combine

试题解析:

Part IV Reading Comprehension (45 points) (共3题 共45分)

39 【复合题】 5小题，共15分

Directions: There are three passages in this part. Each passage is followed by some questions or unfinished statements. For each of them, there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. You should decide on the best choice.

Passage One

Some houses are designed to be smart. Others have smart designs. An example of the second type of house won an Award of Excellence from the American Institute of Architects （美国建筑师协会）.

Located on the shore of Sullivan's Island off the coast of South Carolina, the award-winning house was built to replace one destroyed by Hurricane （飓风）Hugo 10 years ago.

Before Hugo, many new houses built along South Carolina's shoreline were poorly constructed, and enforcement of building codes （法律） wasn't strict, according to architect Ray Huff, who created the cleverly-designed beach house. In Hugo's wake, all new shoreline houses are required to meet stricter codes. The new beach house on Sullivan's Island should be able to withstand（承受） a Category 3 hurricane with peak winds of 179 to 209 kilometers per hour.

The redwood shell of the house makes it look like "a large party lantern" at night. But, in fact, the house's wooden frame is reinforced with long steel rods to give it extra strength.

To further protect the house from hurricane damage, Huff raised it 2.7 meters off the ground on timber pilings (柱子) — long columns of wood rooted deep in the sand. Pilings are strong enough to support the weight of the house. They also lift the house above storm waves. The pilings allow the waves to run under the house instead of running into it. "The water come ashore at high speeds and cause most of the damage done to buildings," said Huff.

Huff designed the pilings to be partially hidden by the house's ground-to-roof shell. In the event of a storm wave, the shell should break apart and let the waves rush under the house, the architect explained.

39.1 【单选题】 3分

After Hurricane Hugo, new houses built along South Carolina's shoreline are required ________.

○ A. to be easily reinforced

● B. to meet stricter building standards

○ C. to look smarter in design

○ D. to be designed in the shape of cubes

试题解析：

39.2 【单选题】 3分

The award-winning beach house is quite strong because ________.

○ A. it is built with mud

○ B. it is made of redwood

○ C. it is in the shape of a shell

● D. it is strengthened by steel rods

试题解析：

39.3 【单选题】 3分

Huff raised the house 2.7 meters off the ground on timber pilings in order to ________.

○ A. withstand peak winds of about 200 kmh

● B. prevent water from rushing into the house

○ C. break huge sea waves into smaller ones

○ D. put pilings deep in the water

试题解析：

39.4 【单选题】 3分

The main function of the shell is ________.

○ A. to protect the house from sunlight in summer

○ B. to strengthen the pilings of the house when an earthquake strikes

○ C. to protect the wooden frame of the house when a storm wave strikes

● D. to break down and let the water rush under the house when a storm wave strikes

试题解析：

39.5 【单选题】 3分

It can be inferred from the passage that the shell should be ________.

○ A. very ugly

○ B. a bit smelly

● C. easily breakable

○ D. deep blue

试题解析：

40 【复合题】 5小题，共15分

Passage Two

Are some people born clever, and others born stupid? Or is intelligence developed by our environment and our experience? Strangely enough, the answer to these questions is yes. To some extent our intelligence is given us at birth, and no amount of special education can make a genius （天才） out of a child born with low intelligence. On the other hand, a child who lives in a boring environment will develop his intelligence less than one who lives in rich and varied surroundings. Thus the limits of a person's intelligence are fixed at birth, whether or not he reaches those limits will depend on his environment. This view, now held by most experts, can be supported in a number of ways.

It is easy to show that intelligence is to some extent something we are born with. The closer the blood relationship between two people, the closer they are likely to be in intelligence. Thus if we take two unrelated people at random (随机地) from the population, it is likely that their degree of intelligence will be completely different. If, on the other hand, we take two identical twins （同卵双胞胎）, they will very likely be as intelligent as each other. Relations like brothers and sisters, parents and children, usually have similar intelligence, and this clearly suggests that intelligence depends on birth.

Imagine now that we take two identical twins and put them in different environments. We might send one, for example, to a university and the other to a factory where the work is boring. We would soon find differences in intelligence developing, and this indicates that environment as well as birth plays a part. This conclusion is also suggested by the fact that people who live in close contact with each other, but who are not related at all are likely to have similar degree of intelligence.

40.1 【单选题】 3分

The writer is in favor of the view that man's intelligence is given to him______.

○ A. at birth

● B. both at birth and through education

○ C. through education

○ D. by his experience

试题解析：

40.2 【单选题】 3分

If a child is born with low intelligence, he can ______.

○ A. never become a genius

○ B. become a genius

● C. become more intelligent if trained in rich surroundings

○ D. never get more intelligent

试题解析：

40.3 【单选题】 3分

Which pair of the following people, according to the author, is most likely to have similar degree of intelligence?

● A. Two children of the same parents.

○ B. Two colleagues in the same office.

○ C. Two roommates in the same dorm.

○ D. Two neighbors in the same apartment building.

试题解析：

40.4 【单选题】 3分

The example of the twins going to university and to a factory separately shows ______.

○ A. the important role of their intelligence

● B. the role environment plays in intelligence development

○ C. the importance of their social positions

○ D. the part that birth plays in intelligence development

试题解析：

40.5 【单选题】 3分

The best title of this passage might be ______.

○ A. Who Are More Intelligent

○ B. Intelligence of Twins

○ C. Education and Environment

● D. What Determines Intelligence

试题解析：

41 【复合题】 5小题，共15分

Passage Three
When English as a foreign language is taught to children at the primary and early secondary levels of education, it is generally taught with a general education aim in mind--that is, it is regarded as a "good thing" for them to learn a foreign language as a part of a broad education. There is usually, however, no immediate and specific requirement for such children to make use of the language in any communicative situation. The purpose of learning the language is essentially a "deferred"(推迟的) purpose, deferred till the tertiary (第三的) level of education, normally at university, where, it is agreed, a knowledge of English would be helpful in their academic studies. Immediate aims of learning English are defined by the requirements of examinations. Inevitably what is taught to primary and secondary level children is not a communicative knowledge of English language use, but a knowledge of how the rules of English operate.

The language system is taught by means of systematic audio-lingual drill and exercise techniques based on habit formation theory of learning and a structural description of English. This may be an effective manner of teaching English usage, but it is less certain that an understanding of how these rules are related to language in use for communicative purpose is an automatic result of this instruction.

What the thousands of children succeed in learning in this way is what is necessary in order to pass examinations. Adults, on the other hand, are generally highly conscious of the use to which they intend to put it. That use is frequently associated with an academic or professional requirement.

41.1 【单选题】 3分

The passage holds that the current examination system ________.

○ A. reflects the students' future needs

○ B. does not offer students opportunities to show their knowledge of English

● C. does not enable students to use English for communication

○ D. prepares students for their future academic requirements

试题解析：

41.2 【单选题】 3分

According to the passage, which of the following statements is TRUE?

○ A. English teaching should prepare children for the passing of examination.

○ B. English should be taught to children at primary and secondary levels.

● C. It is agreed that English teaching would help students with their future academic studies.

○ D. English teaching at primary and secondary levels should focus only on grammar.

试题解析：

41.3 【单选题】 3分

According to the passage, we know that ________.

○ A. audio-lingual techniques are the best way to teach English for communication

● B. language rules are the focus of foreign language teaching at primary and secondary levels

○ C. foreign languages are usually taught to children as the key of a broad education

○ D. adults usually don't know why they learn foreign languages

试题解析:

41.4 【单选题】 3分

What's the relationship of English learning at different levels?

○ A. English learning at primary and secondary levels is more important than that at college.

○ B. English learning at the tertiary level is more important than that at the first two levels.

● C. Successful English learning at the first two levels does not necessarily mean success in English learning at college.

○ D. English learning should not be divided into different levels.

试题解析:

41.5 【单选题】 3分

Which is likely to be the main topic of this passage?

○ A. The importance of English learning.

○ B. English learning as a part of a general education.

○ C. English learning and examination.

● D. Aims and purposes of foreign language learning.

试题解析:

Part Ⅴ Translation (20 points) (共1题 共20分)

42 【简答题】 20分

Directions: Translate the following paragraph into English.

近年来，中国越来越多的城市开始修建地铁系统。地铁的发展有助于缓解城市的交通拥堵，并减少空气污染。地铁以其安全、快速和舒适的特点而受到欢迎。越来越多的人选择地铁作为上下班或上学的主要交通工具。如今，在中国，乘坐地铁变得越来越便利。在某些城市，乘客只需使用卡片或手机就能乘坐地铁。许多当地的老年居民还可以免费乘坐地铁。

参考答案:

In recent years, more and more cities in China have started to build subway systems. The development of subways helps to ease urban traffic congestion and reduce air pollution. Subways are popular for their safety, speed, and comfort. An increasing number of people are choosing the subway as their main mode of transportation for commuting to work or school. Nowadays, taking the subway in China has become more and more convenient. In some cities, passengers can ride the subway simply by using a card or mobile phone. Many elderly local residents can also ride the subway for free.

试题解析:

Part Ⅵ Writing (25 points) (共1题 共25分)

43 【简答题】 25分

Directions: For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write a short essay on How to Succeed in a Job Interview following the outline given below. You should write at least 120 words.

1) 面试是毕业生找工作不可缺少的环节
2) 成功面试的原则(衣着打扮、言谈举止、专业知识、相关经历……)
3) 结论

参考答案:

How to Succeed in a Job Interview

When applying for a job, many graduates have to have an interview with the employer. Interview is an indispensable part of graduates' job search process. Most of them, however, do not know how to succeed in such an interview. The following are some of the rules to abide by.

First of all, to succeed in an interview, the applicant should be formally but modestly dressed, avoiding the extremes of too elaborate or too casual clothes. Besides, he should pay close attention to his manner of speaking, which should be neither showy nor familiar but rather polite, appropriate and friendly. In addition, he should be prepared to talk knowledgeably about the requirements of the position for which he is applying in relation to his own professional experience and interests. And finally, a really impressive applicant must convey a sense of self-confidence.

If you can adhere to these principles, chances are that you will succeed in a job interview.

试题解析: